

Drug Info

POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL POWDER (MIRALAX)

BEFORE USING THIS MEDICINE:

- * Inform your Doctor or Pharmacist if you are allergic to any prescription or non-prescription medicine; taking other medicines or have other medical problems; pregnant, planning a pregnancy, or breastfeeding.
- * Check with your Doctor, Pharmacists, or Nurse if information in this leaflet causes you special concern or if you want additional information about your medicine and its use.

COMMON USE FOR THIS MEDICINE:

- 1- For the treatment of occasional CONSTIPATION

HOW TO USE THIS MEDICINE:

- Use this medicine exactly as directed on the label, unless instructed differently by your doctor
- * This medicine should be administered dissolved in approximately 8 ounces of water.
 - * Follow proper dietary fiber intake, adequate fluids and regular exercise.
 - * DO NOT use in the presence of abdominal pain, nausea or vomiting.
 - * DO NOT use longer than prescribed. Discontinue when regularity returns. Prolonged or excessive use may result in dependence or electrolyte imbalance.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU MISS A DOSE:

This medicine is usually used as needed. If you miss a dose administer when or if needed. No double doses.

HOW TO STORE THIS MEDICINE:

Keep in original closed container in a dark, cool, and dry place away from children. Discard unneeded medicine.

CALL YOUR DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY IF YOU EXPERIENCE:

Nausea; Vomiting; Stomach discomfort or pain; Diarrhea; Bloating.

OTHER SIDE EFFECTS:

Perianal irritation; Gas; Dizziness; Irregular heartbeat; Sweating; Loss of consciousness (fainting); Muscle weakness.

If symptoms are mild but do not go away or are bothersome, check with your doctor. IF ANY OF THE ABOVE SIDE EFFECTS IS SEVERE, CALL YOUR DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY.

PRECAUTIONS AND WARNINGS:

- * Safety of use during pregnancy has not been established. This medicine SHOULD NOT BE USED DURING PREGNANCY unless benefit justifies potential risk to the fetus. CALL YOUR DOCTOR.
- * Rectal bleeding or failure to respond to therapy may indicate a serious condition which may require further medical attention.
- * Notify doctor if symptoms of ELECTROLYTE IMBALANCE (eg, muscle cramps or pain, weakness, dizziness) occurs.